- MEDICAID QUALITY CONTROL (MQC) CLAIMS PROCESSING ASSESSMENT SYSTEM
- 431.830 Basic elements of the Medicaid quality control (MQC) claims processing assessment system.
- 431.832 Reporting requirements for claims processing assessment systems.
- 431.834 Access to records: Claims processing assessment systems.
- 431.836 Corrective action under the MQC claims processing assessment systems.

FEDERAL FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION

431.861-431.864 [Reserved]

431.865 Disallowance of Federal financial participation for erroneous State payments (for annual assessment periods ending after July 1, 1990).

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1102 of the Social Security Act, (42 U.S.C. 1302).

SOURCE: 43 FR 45188, Sept. 29, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

#### §431.1 Purpose.

This part establishes State plan requirements for the designation, organization, and general administrative activities of a State agency responsible for operating the State Medicaid program, directly or through supervision of local administering agencies.

# Subpart A—Single State Agency

### §431.10 Single State agency.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section implements section 1902(a)(5) of the Act, which provides for designation of a single State agency for the Medicaid program.
- (b) Designation and certification. A State plan must—
- (1) Specify a single State agency established or designated to administer or supervise the administration of the plan; and
- (2) Include a certification by the State Attorney General, citing the legal authority for the single State agency to—
- (i) Administer or supervise the administration of the plan; and
- (ii) Make rules and regulations that it follows in administering the plan or that are binding upon local agencies that administer the plan.
- (c) Determination of eligibility. (1) The plan must specify whether the agency that determines eligibility for families and for individuals under 21 is—

- (i) The Medicaid agency; or
- (ii) The single State agency for the financial assistance program under title IV-A (in the 50 States or the District of Columbia), or under title I or XVI (AABD), in Guam, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands.
- (2) The plan must specify whether the agency that determines eligibility for the aged, blind, or disabled is—
  - (i) The Medicaid agency;
- (ii) The single State agency for the financial assistance program under title IV-A (in the 50 States or the District of Columbia) or under title I or XVI (AABD), in Guam, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands; or
- (iii) The Federal agency administering the supplemental security income program under title XVI (SSI). In this case, the plan must also specify whether the Medicaid agency or the title IV-A agency determines eligibility for any groups whose eligibility is not determined by the Federal agency.
- (d) Agreement with Federal or State agencies. The plan must provide for written agreements between the Medicaid agency and the Federal or other State agencies that determine eligibility for Medicaid, stating the relationships and respective responsibilities of the agencies.
- (e) Authority of the single State agency. In order for an agency to qualify as the Medicaid agency—
- (1) The agency must not delegate, to other than its own officials, authority to—
- (i) Exercise administrative discretion in the administration or supervision of the plan, or
- (ii) Issue policies, rules, and regulations on program matters.
- (2) The authority of the agency must not be impaired if any of its rules, regulations, or decisions are subject to review, clearance, or similar action by other offices or agencies of the State.
- (3) If other State or local agencies or offices perform services for the Medicaid agency, they must not have the authority to change or disapprove any administrative decision of that agency, or otherwise substitute their judgment for that of the Medicaid agency with respect to the application of policies,

### §431.11

rules, and regulations issued by the Medicaid agency.

[44 FR 17930, Mar. 23, 1979]

#### §431.11 Organization for administration.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section, based on section 1902(a)(4) of the Act, prescribes the general organization and staffing requirements for the Medicaid agency and the State plan.
- (b) Medical assistance unit. A State plan must provide for a medical assistance unit within the Medicaid agency, staffed with a program director and other appropriate personnel who participate in the development, analysis, and evaluation of the Medicaid program.
- (c) *Description of organization.* (1) The plan must include—
- (i) A description of the organization and functions of the Medicaid agency and an organization chart;
- (ii) A description of the organization and functions of the medical assistance unit and an organization chart; and
- (iii) A description of the kinds and number of professional medical personnel and supporting staff used in the administration of the plan and their responsibilities.
- (d) Eligibility determined by other agencies. If eligibility is determined by State agencies other than the Medicaid agency or by local agencies under the supervision of other State agencies, the plan must include a description of the staff designated by those other agencies and the functions they perform in carrying out their responsibility.

[44 FR 17931, Mar. 23, 1979]

#### § 431.12 Medical care advisory committee.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section, based on section 1902(a)(4) of the Act, prescribes State plan requirements for establishment of a committee to advise the Medicaid agency about health and medical care services.
- (b) State plan requirement. A State plan must provide for a medical care advisory committee meeting the requirements of this section to advise the Medicaid agency director about health and medical care services.

- (c) Appointment of members. The agency director, or a higher State authority, must appoint members to the advisory committee on a rotating and continuous basis.
- (d) *Committee membership.* The committee must include—
- (1) Board-certified physicians and other representatives of the health professions who are familiar with the medical needs of low-income population groups and with the resources available and required for their care;
- (2) Members of consumers' groups, including Medicaid recipients, and consumer organizations such as labor unions, cooperatives, consumer-sponsored prepaid group practice plans, and others; and
- (3) The director of the public welfare department or the public health department, whichever does not head the Medicaid agency.
- (e) Committee participation. The committee must have opportunity for participation in policy development and program administration, including furthering the participation of recipient members in the agency program.
- (f) Committee staff assistance and financial help. The agency must provide the committee with—
- (1) Staff assistance from the agency and independent technical assistance as needed to enable it to make effective recommendations; and
- (2) Financial arrangements, if necessary, to make possible the participation of recipient members.
- (g) Federal financial participation. FFP is available at 50 percent in expenditures for the committee's activities

### § 431.15 Methods of administration.

A State plan must provide for methods of administration that are found by the Secretary to be necessary for the proper and efficient operation of the plan.

(Sec. 1902(a)(4) of the Act) [44 FR 17931, Mar. 23, 1979]

## § 431.16 Reports.

A State plan must provide that the Medicaid agency will—

(a) Submit all reports required by the Secretary;